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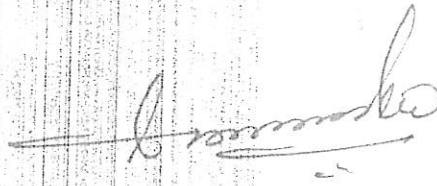
**CENTRAL UNIVERSITY OF KARNATAKA**  
Department of Mathematics, Semester IV  
End Semester Examination- April 2025

Time: 150 minutes, Subject: Measure & Integration(Code: PMATC40015) , Max. marks: 60

Note: All questions are compulsory.

1. The outer measure of a bounded closed interval is its length. (6)
2. Let  $X$  be a non-empty set. Let  $\mathcal{C} = \{A \subset X \mid A \text{ is countable, or } X \setminus A \text{ is countable}\}$ . Then prove that  $\mathcal{C}$  is a  $\sigma$ -algebra of subsets of  $X$  generated by  $\{\{x\} \mid x \in X\}$ . (6)
3. Let  $E \subset \mathbb{R}$ . Prove that following statements are equivalent:
  1.  $E$  is measurable.
  2. For every  $\epsilon > 0$  there exists an open set  $O$  containing  $E$  with  $m^*(O \setminus E) < \epsilon$ .
  3. There exists a  $G_\delta$  set  $G$  containing  $E$  with  $m^*(G \setminus E) = 0$ .(6)
4. Prove or disprove the following:  
Let  $E_1 \supset E_2 \supset \dots$  be measurable sets. Then  $\mu(\bigcap_{k \in \mathbb{N}} E_k) = \lim_{k \rightarrow \infty} \mu(E_k)$ . (6)
5. A real-valued function that is continuous on its measurable domain is measurable. (6)
6. State and prove Egoroff's theorem. (6)
7. Define the Lebesgue integral of a simple function. With proper justification give an example of a function that is not Riemann integrable but is Lebesgue integrable. (6)
8. Prove that a bounded measurable function is integrable over a set of finite measure. (6)
9. State and prove the Fatou's lemma. (6)
10. Prove linearity and monotonicity of integrals of general integrable functions. (6)

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CENTRAL UNIVERSITY OF KARNATAKA

Department of Mathematics, Semester-IV

End Semester Examinations-April, 2025

Time:120 Minutes Subject: Theory of partitions (Code: PMATD40239) Max mark:45

Note: All questions are compulsory.

1. (a) Find the general solution in terms of Gauss hypergeometric function of

$$(x^2 - 1)y'' + (5x + 4)y' + 4y = 0$$

near  $x = 1$  and  $x = -1$ .

(4+4)

- (b) Express  $\sin^{-1}x$ ,  $\cos(x)$  and  $e^x$  in terms of Gauss function.

(3)

2. (a) State and prove the Gauss summation formula and Chu-Vandermonde's identity.

(4)

- (b) State and prove the Euler pentagonal number theorem and Jacobi's identity.

(4)

3. (a) State and prove the Jacobi triple product

(5)

- (b) State and prove the  $q$ -analogous of finite and infinite binomial theorem.

(5)

4. (a) If  $L(k, n, m)$  is the number of lattice paths inside the  $k \times (n - k)$  rectangle, starting from  $(0,0)$  and ending at  $(k, n - k)$  with the number of boxes above at most  $m$ , then find  $L(2, 6, 4)$  and  $L(3, 6, 3)$ .

(3)

- (b) Give a combinatorial proof of the following identities:

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{q^{n^2}}{(q^2; q^2)_n} = (-q; q^2)_{\infty},$$

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{q^{n^2}}{(q; q)_n^2} = \frac{1}{(q; q)_{\infty}}.$$

(4+4)

- (c) Show that

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} p(n)q^n = \frac{1}{(q; q)_{\infty}}, \quad \text{where } |q| < 1.$$

(5)



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School	School of Physical Sciences
Department	Department of Mathematics
Program	M.Sc. Mathematics
Semester	IV

**END SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS, MONTH April YEAR 2025**

Course: Calculus of Variations and Finite Element Method	Max.	Duration:	
Code: PMATD40225	Marks:45	2 hours	Credits: 03

**INSTRUCTIONS:** Answer all the questions.

1. (a) Determine the extremals of the functionals  $J[y(x)] = \int_{-l}^l \left( \frac{\mu y^{n2}}{2} + ky \right) dx$  subject to  $y(-l) = 0, y(l) = 0, y'(-l) = 0, y'(l) = 0$ .

(b) Derive the Euler's equation's for extremals of the functional. (5M+5M)

2. Find the curve passing through the points  $(x_1, y_1)$  and  $(x_2, y_2)$  such that its rotation about the x-axis give rise to a surface of revolution of minimum surface area. (5M)

3. (a) If the operator L is linear, self adjoint and positive definite then show that the necessary and sufficient condition that the solution of  $L\phi = f$  in the region R with homogenous boundary conditions occurs at the minimum of the  $I(\phi) = \iint_R (\phi L\phi - 2\phi f) dx dy$ . (5M+5M)

(b) Solve  $\phi'' = -x^2, 0 < x < 1; \phi(0) = \phi(1) = 0$  by least square method for cubic approximation.

4. (a) Derive the linear basis function for an element in two dimensional problem. (5M+5M)

(b) Show that  $\iint_R L_1^m L_2^n L_3^p dx dy = 2A \frac{m!n!p!}{(m+n+p+2)!}$ , where A is area of the triangular region R.

5. Solve the  $\nabla^2 \phi = 0, 0 < x, y < 1$  subject to boundary conditions  $\frac{\partial \phi}{\partial x} = 0, x = 0, 1; \phi = 1, y = 0$

$\frac{\partial \phi}{\partial y} + \phi = 2, y = 1$ ; by taking two linear elements using Rayleigh Ritz method. (10M)



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School	Physical Sciences
Department	Mathematics
Program	M.Sc.
Semester	IV

**END SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS, MONTH : APRIL, YEAR : 2025 (Regular)**

Course: Operations Research	Max. Marks: 60	Duration: 2.5 Hrs.	Credits: 04
Course Code: PMATC40016			

**INSTRUCTIONS: \* To answer all the following five questions is compulsory.**

**\* Each question carries 12 marks.**

**Answer the following.**

1.	A) Define a convex set. What is the importance of convex set in solution of an LPP.	[2]																													
	B) Using simplex method minimize $Z = x_1 - 3x_2 + 2x_3$ , subject to the constraint: $3x_1 - x_2 + 2x_3 \leq 7$ , $-2x_1 + 4x_3 \leq 12$ , $-4x_1 + 3x_2 + 8x_3 \leq 10$ , $x_1, x_2, x_3 \geq 0$ .	[7]																													
	C) Write the dual of this problem and find the values of the variables using the primal optimal table.	[3]																													
2.	A) Use penalty (or Big M) method to Maximize $Z = 6x_1 + 4x_2$ , subject to the constraint: $2x_1 + 3x_2 \leq 30$ , $3x_1 + 2x_2 \leq 24$ , $x_1 + x_2 \geq 3$ , $x_1, x_2, x_3 \geq 0$ . Check if this problem has more than one solution, if yes find them all.	[7]																													
	B) If RHS of the above problem is replaced by 33, 28 and 5 units respectively, will the current basic solution be feasible?	[5]																													
3.	A) Given $x_{11} = 5$ , $x_{12} = 10$ , $x_{22} = 5$ , $x_{23} = 15$ , $x_{24} = 5$ , $x_{34} = 10$ , Is it an optimal solution to the following transportation problem. If not, find an optimal solution using modified distribution method.	[7]																													
	<table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <tr><td></td><td>1.</td><td>2.</td><td>3.</td><td>4.</td><td>Supply↓</td></tr> <tr><td>1.</td><td>10</td><td>2</td><td>20</td><td>11</td><td>15</td></tr> <tr><td>2.</td><td>12</td><td>7</td><td>9</td><td>20</td><td>25</td></tr> <tr><td>3.</td><td>4</td><td>14</td><td>16</td><td>18</td><td>10</td></tr> <tr><td>Demand→</td><td>5</td><td>15</td><td>15</td><td>15</td><td></td></tr> </table>		1.	2.	3.	4.	Supply↓	1.	10	2	20	11	15	2.	12	7	9	20	25	3.	4	14	16	18	10	Demand→	5	15	15	15	
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	B) Following matrix presents four work - four job assignment cost per person per job in Rupees. Find an optimum assignment with optimum assignment cost assuming job C must not be assigned to person P and job D must not be assigned to person R	[5]																													